



Reading and Comprehending Literature

Today's Standard

3.RL.10 - By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poetry, at the high end of the grades 2–3 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

Cues	Notes
What is literature?	Literature includes stories, dramas, and poetry.
Why is comprehension important?	Comprehension means understanding what we read.
How can we improve reading skills?	Improving reading skills involves practice, asking questions, and discussing texts.
What are common misconceptions?	Common misconceptions include thinking speed is more important than understanding and believing one reading is enough.
How can we address those misconceptions?	Address misconceptions by encouraging careful reading, re-reading, and discussion.

Summary

Reading and comprehending literature involves understanding stories, dramas, and poetry. It's important to read carefully, ask questions, and discuss texts to improve comprehension. Common misconceptions include prioritizing speed over understanding and thinking one reading is sufficient.