



Textual Evidence in Historical Analysis

Today's Standard

9-10.RH.1 - Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources, attending to such features as the date and origin of the information.

Cues	Notes
What is textual evidence?	Textual evidence refers to specific details from a text that support an analysis or argument.
How to evaluate a source?	
Why cite sources?	Evaluating a source involves checking the author's credentials, publication date, and the context of the information.
Primary vs. Secondary sources	Citing sources is crucial to give credit to original authors and to provide evidence for your analysis.
Common misconceptions	Primary sources are original documents from the time period being studied, while secondary sources interpret or analyze primary sources. Misconception: All information in a source is equally valid. Reality: Sources vary in credibility and need to be evaluated.

Summary

Understanding and citing textual evidence is crucial for analyzing historical sources. Students need to evaluate the credibility of sources and understand the importance of citing all types of evidence.