

Cornell (Note

Textual Evidence Analysis

Today's Standard

9-10.RL.1 - Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.

Cues	Notes
What is textual evidence?	Textual evidence refers to specific details or quotes from a text that support an analysis or argument.
How to cite textual evidence?	
What are inferences?	Citing textual evidence involves quoting or paraphrasing the text and explaining how it supports your point.
Why is strong evidence important?	Inferences are logical conclusions drawn from explicit information in the text.
How to distinguish strong vs. weak evidence?	Strong evidence is directly relevant and clearly supports the analysis, making the argument more convincing.
	Weak evidence is irrelevant or only loosely connected to the analysis, weakening the argument.

Summary

Using strong and relevant textual evidence is essential for effective literary analysis. This involves citing specific details from the text and making logical inferences.