

Cornell Motes

2D and 3D Shapes Identification

Today's Standard

K.G.A3 - Identify shapes as two-dimensional (lying in a plane, "flat") or three-dimensional ("solid").

Cues	Notes
2D Shapes	2D shapes lie in a plane and are flat.
3D Shapes	3D shapes have depth and are solid.
Flat vs Solid	Examples of 2D shapes include circles, squares, and triangles.
Examples of 2D Shapes	Examples of 3D shapes include cubes, spheres, and cones.
Examples of 3D Shapes	Understanding the difference helps in recognizing and describing shapes.

Summary

2D shapes are flat, while 3D shapes are solid. Recognizing and distinguishing between these shapes is essential for understanding more complex geometry concepts.