



Comparing Measurable Attributes

Today's Standard

K.MD.A2 - Directly compare two objects with a measurable attribute in common, to see which object has "more of"/"less of" the attribute, and describe the difference. For example, directly compare the heights of two children and describe one child as taller/shorter.

Cues	Notes
What are measurable attributes?	Measurable attributes include length, height, and weight.
How can we compare two objects?	We can directly compare two objects to see which has more or less of an attribute.
Why is it important to compare objects?	Comparing objects helps us understand their properties and make decisions.
What are common misconceptions?	Common misconceptions include thinking bigger objects are always heavier and taller objects hold more volume.
How can we correct these misconceptions?	Hands-on activities and visual aids can help correct these misconceptions.

Summary

Understanding and comparing measurable attributes like length, height, and weight is essential in Kindergarten. Students often have misconceptions that need addressing through hands-on activities.