



Comparing Measurable Attributes

Today's Standard

K.MD.A2 - Directly compare two objects with a measurable attribute in common, to see which object has "more of"/"less of" the attribute, and describe the difference. For example, directly compare the heights of two children and describe one child as taller/shorter.

Real-World Applications for this Standard

Comparing the heights of two children.; Determining which of two containers holds more water.; Comparing the weights of two different fruits.; Identifying which of two pencils is longer.

Today I Learned

Today, we learned how to compare two objects to see which one is longer, taller, or heavier. For example, we can see which of two children is taller.

Common Stumbling Blocks

Sometimes, kids think that bigger objects are always heavier, which is not true. They also might think that taller objects hold more, but that's not always the case.

Quiz Me

- Which is taller: a chair or a table?
- Which is heavier: a book or a pencil?
- Can a small object be heavier than a big one?
- Which holds more: a tall glass or a short wide bowl?
- Is a long pencil always heavier than a short pencil?

Help Me

We compared things like toys and books to see which was taller, shorter, heavier, or lighter. This helps us understand how things are different in the real world.